

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

PADARTHA VIJNANA – PAPER - I (RS-7)
(FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF AYURVEDA AND QUANTUM MECHANICS)

Q.P. CODE: 3603

(QP contains three pages)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

NOTE: MCQ answers must be written in words along with alphabets

LONG ESSAYS

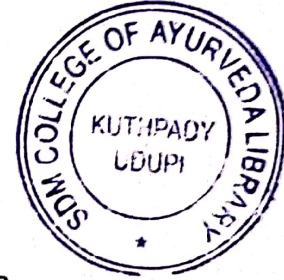
4 x 10 = 40 Marks

1. Define Darshana, write classification of darshana and explain Sankhya darshana.
2. Define the dravya, write its classification and explain Tejamahabhuta in detail.
3. What are the Charakoktaguna's? Explain Paradigunas in detail.
4. Explain samanya and Vishesha with their Lakshana and Bheda.

SHORT ESSAYS

8 x 5 = 40 Marks

5. Write a short note on "Ayurveda Swatantra Moulīka Darshana".
6. Define Padartha, write its lakshana and explain Bheda.
7. Explain Gurvadiguna along with its clinical application.
8. Define karma, its classification as per Nyaya and Ayurveda.
9. Utility of Kala with special reference to Ayurveda.
10. Write Abhava – Lakshana, bheda and importance in Ayurveda.
11. Explain the clinical importance of Samanya Vishesha siddhanta in Ayurveda.
12. Write practical application of study of dravya in Ayurveda.



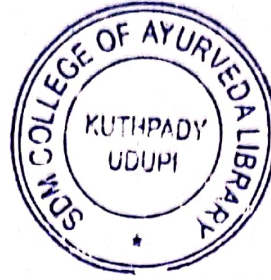
Multiple Choice Questions

20 x 1 = 20 Marks

1. Tarkavidhya is the synonyms of which darshana?
A. Vaisheshika
B. Yoga
C. Nyaya
D. Vedanta
2. In srustiutpatti krama Prakruti – Vikruti is are
A. 7
B. 11
C. 1
D. 16
3. Total number of Yoga sutras are
A. 528
B. 194
C. 370
D. 527
4. Aulukya darshana is synonyms of which darshana?
A. Vaisheshika
B. Nyaya
C. Sankhya

D. Yoga

17. Which of the following is not a component of Ayu?
- Shareera
 - Indriya
 - Atma
 - Ahankara



18. Upward movement is called
- Gamana
 - Apakshepana
 - Akunchana
 - Utkshepana

19. Which of the following is the cause of Gunantaradhana?
- Abhyasa
 - Samskara
 - Yukti
 - Samyoga

20. Satvarajobahulo _____
- Agni
 - Vayu
 - Aap
 - Akasha

21. How many types of attributes of Mana are described in Ayurveda?
- 2
 - 4
 - 6
 - Innumerable

22. Which guna is known as "Dvandvaguna"?
- Vaisheshika
 - Gurvadi
 - Paradi
 - All the above

23. Which is the opposite guna of "Tiksnaguna"?
- Khara
 - Manda
 - Ruksha
 - Snigdha

24. Kaaranadravyas are _____ In number
- 3
 - 6
 - 9
 - 12

25. Types of Karma according to Nyaya darshana
- 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 8

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

26. Samavayo _____ bhumyadinam gunalrmatah
 A. Anantaro
 B. Abhyupagamo
 C. Apruthagbhavo
 D. Hi adhikarna
27. Types of Abhava
 A. 6
 B. 3
 C. 8
 D. 4
28. Absence of uterus in male person is the example of _____ Abhava
 A. Pragbhava
 B. Pradhvamsabhava
 C. Atyantabhava
 D. Anyonyabhava
29. Which Acharya given first place to Samanya Padartha
 A. Sushruta
 B. Vagbhata
 C. Tarka
 D. Charaka
30. Reference of Pravruttirubhayasyatu?
 A. Ch.Su.1
 B. Ch.Su.11
 C. Ch.Vi.4
 D. Ch.Vi.8
31. Blood transfusion is an example of
 A. Dravya samanya
 B. Guna samanya
 C. Karma samanya
 D. Ekavritti samanya
32. _____ Pruthaktvakrut
 A. Visheshastu
 B. Samavaayastu
 C. Samyogah
 D. Saamanyam

